## **EYFS Curriculum Overview**

2025-26









#### **EYFS CURRICULUM OVERVIEW**

**NURSERY** 

**SPRING** 

**SUMMER** 

**AUTUMN** 

TOPIC TITLE	ALL ABOUT ME AN	D MY COMMUNITY	MY LIFE NOW AND L	IFE IN THE PAST	THE WORLD ALL AROUND ME		
Core Texts	Lulu's First Day The Colour Monster	Police Officer's On Patrol So Much	The Three Little Pigs Jack and the Beanstalk	We Completely Must Go to London Rosie Revere, Engineer by Andrea Beaty	The Very Hungry Caterpillar by Eric Carle Clean up by Nathan Bryon	The Train Ride by June Crebbins We're Sailing Down the Nile by Laura Krebs and Anne Wilson Tiddler by Julia Donaldson	
TRIPS AND EXPERIENCES	Tour of school Performing in the Nativity Visit from the Fire Brigade / Nurse / Trip to the Thames		Walk around the local area Visits to toy museums		Looking after Caterpillars Performing in Class Assembly Trip to the park		
RECEPTION							
TOPIC TITLE	ALL ABOUT ME AN	D MY COMMUNITY	MY LIFE NOW AND L	IFE IN THE PAST	THE WORLD A	LL AROUND ME	
Core Texts	Giraffe's Can't Dance by Giles Andreae Funnybones by Janet and Allen Ahlberg	Supertato by Sue Hendra and Paul Linnet Martha Maps it Out by Leigh Hodgkinson	In the Castle by Anna Milbourne and Benji Davies The Three Billy Goats Gruff The Paper Bag Princess by Robert Munsch	On the Moon by Benji Davies Izzy Gizmo by Pip Jones and Sarah Ogilvie	Growing Frogs by Vivian French The Extraordinary Gardener by Sam Boughton	The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch by Ronda and David Armitage The Snail and the Whale by Julia Donaldson	
TRIPS AND EXPERIENCES	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Visit to the Towe Visit the Scienc		Visit to the f Looking a	h Trip arm / garden fter chicks class assembly	

	EYFS (Nursery) Curriculum Yearly Overview						
	All About Me and My Community		My Life Now and Life in the Past		The World All Around Me		
	Core	Texts	Core	Texts	Core	Texts	
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
•	Lulu's First Day at School	Police Officers on Patrol     by Kerstin Hamilton	The Three Little Pigs	We Completely Must Go to London	The Very Hungry     Caterpillar by Eric Carle	The Train Ride by June     Crebbins	
	Asso McGrinn - Statelind Searching  Lulu's First  Day  Allow In	POLICE Officers ON Patro Vertex Healton Provider Vertex Healton Provider Vertex Healton Provider Vertex Healton	The Three little Pigs	We completely must GO to LONDON	THE VERY HINGER BY CATERPILLAR BY DE Cade	June Crebbin Amount, Stephen Lambert	
			Jack and the Beanstalk			We're Sailing Down the     Nile by Laura Krebs and     Anne Wilson	
	The Colour Meneter by	So Much by Trishj Cook	Jack Beanstalk	Rosie Revere, Engineer by Andrea Beaty	Clean up by Nathan     Bryon	We're sailing Down the Nile	
	The Colour Monster by Anna Llenas	So MUCH	Not object that Canada	ROSIE REVERE	CLEAN UP!	Laustic Keebs and Anner Withous	
	The Colour monoter monoter	COOKE MUSTRATE SY HELEN OXENBURY		ENGINEER  1. Addres Bedy name to David Roberts  1. Addres Bedy name to David Roberts  1. Addres Bedy name to David Roberts  1. Address	Nother Bryon Bapa Adola	Tiddler by Julia     Donaldson	
						Jula Doualison ACE SCHEFTER 11	

	EYFS (Reception) Curriculum Yearly Overview									
	All About Me and	d My Community		My Life Now an	d Lif	e in the Past		The World All Around Me		round Me
	Core	Texts		Core	Tex	ts		Core	Tex	
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2		Spring 1		Spring 2		Summer 1		Summer 2
		<ul> <li>Supertate by Sue</li> </ul>	•	In the Castle by Anna	•	On the Moon by Benji	•	Growing Frogs by	•	The Lighthouse
	Giraffe's Can't Dance	Hendra and Paul		Milbourne and Benji		Davies		Vivian French		Keeper's Lunch by
	by Giles Andreae	Linnet		Davies						Ronda and David
	CRAFFES CIN'T	STEETING	•	The Three Billy Goats		On the Moon	•	The Extraordinary Gardener by Sam		Armitage  The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch
		Mortho Mono it Quit by		Gruff	•	Izzy Gizmo by Pip		Boughton		Renda and David Armitage
•	Funnybones by Janet and Allen Ahlberg	Martha Maps it Out by Leigh Hodgkinson	•	The Paper Bag Princess by Robert Munsch		Jones and Sarah Ogilvie  IZZY CIZMO  Pip Jones © Sira Ogilote annual MITTERN M.		EXTRAORDINARY GARDENER Sem Eugysten	•	The Snail and the Whale by Julia Donaldson  The Snail and the Whale
				The Paper Bag Princess  One thinks blank has been blank blan						

### The Characteristics of Effective Teaching and Learning

Playing and Exploring Children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'	Active Learning Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy achievements	Creating and Thinking Critically Children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things
Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them.  Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects.  Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects.  Make independent choices.  Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings.  Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention.	Participate in routines. Begin to predict sequences because they know routines. Show goal-directed behaviour. Begin to correct their mistakes themselves. Keep on trying when things are difficult.	Take part in simple pretend play. Sort materials. Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing. Solve real problems Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective. Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas. Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions

### Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Communication and Language

**Listening and Attention** 

Year 1 ready

Nursery (Autumn)	<ul> <li>Follow a simple one-part instruction.</li> <li>Sit and listen to a story</li> <li>Pay attention to more than one thing at a time (when engaged in play, stopping and listening to a simple instruction)</li> <li>Understand a question or an instruction that has two parts, such as: "Get your coat and wait at the door".</li> <li>Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learn how to speak in simple sentences, supported through stem sentences</li> <li>Be able to answer simple questions</li> <li>Develop their back-and-forth communication but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals,</li> </ul>
Nursery (Spring)	<ul> <li>To be able to sit and pay attention for a longer period.</li> <li>Be able to start and follow a back-and-forth conversation with an adult or a peer.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use longer sentences of four to six words.</li> <li>Be able to organise themselves and their play 'Let's go on a bus, you sit there, I'll be the driver'</li> <li>Ask lots of questions using words like 'what', 'where' and 'why'</li> <li>have mostly clear speech, though will continue to have difficulties with a small number of sounds – for example 'r' – as in 'rabbit', 'I' – as in 'letter', 'th' as in 'thumb', 'sh' as in 'show', and 'j' as in 'jam'</li> </ul>
Nursery (Summer)	<ul> <li>Be able to answer 'why' questions.</li> <li>start to like simple jokes – though often their own jokes make little sense</li> <li>understand and often use colour, number and time related words, for example, 'red' car, 'three' fingers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Consistently use longer sentences of 4 to 6 words</li> <li>Describe events that have already happened, E.g. "We got dressed up and we went to the hall and singed songs. All the mummies and daddies did watch"</li> <li>Be able express a point of view and debate with a peer agreeing or disagreeing politely.</li> </ul>
Reception (Autumn)	<ul> <li>Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important.</li> <li>Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.</li> <li>Learn rhymes, poems and songs.</li> <li>Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Retelling using story language using some repeated sentences and some of their own words.</li> <li>Retell a story once they are familiar and understand the text.</li> <li>Describe events in some detail using adjectives</li> <li>Use past and present tense.</li> <li>Learn and use new vocabulary throughout the day.</li> <li>Orally constructing a caption.</li> </ul>
Reception (Spring)	<ul> <li>take turns in much longer conversations</li> <li>Use sentences that are well formed, for example, "I had spaghetti for tea at Jamilia's house"</li> <li>Show they are listening by asking questions to check for understanding.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listen to and talk about selected fiction and non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.</li> <li>Suggest rhyming words.</li> <li>Use past, present and future tenses.</li> <li>Begin to retell stories in more detail, using some vocabulary from the story.</li> <li>Describe events in some detail using adjectives.</li> <li>Connect one idea to another using a range of connectives.</li> <li>Articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences.</li> <li>Ask questions to check for understanding.</li> </ul>
Reception (Summer)	<ul> <li>Understand spoken instructions without stopping what they are doing to look at the speaker</li> <li>Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions</li> <li>understand words that describe sequences such as "first we are going to the shop, next we will play in the park"</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses well formed sentences, e.g. 'I played with Ben at lunch time' but there may still be some grammatical errors</li> <li>Easily understood by adults and peers, with only a few immaturities in speech sounds, for example, 'th', 'r' and three consonant combinations 'scribble'</li> <li>Frequently asks the meaning of unfamiliar words and may use them randomly</li> </ul>

**Speaking** 

	Progression of Knowledge and Skills - Literacy
Comprehension	Word Reading

Nursery (Autumn)	<ul> <li>Be able to talk about familiar books.</li> <li>Answer simple question about what they've heard.</li> <li>Beginning to understand the five key concepts about print.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop children's listening skills and awareness of sounds in the environment</li> <li>Begin to develop their phonological awareness:</li> <li>Join in with nursery rhymes</li> <li>Discriminate between environmental sounds</li> <li>To experience and develop awareness of sounds made with instruments and noise makers</li> <li>To develop awareness of sounds and rhythms</li> <li>To experience and appreciate rhythm and rhyme and to develop awareness of rhythm and rhyme in speech</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Make marks and give meaning to their marks.</li> <li>To draw freely.</li> <li>Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing.</li> <li>Producing a controlled line</li> <li>Producing pre letter shapes – vertical (top to bottom) and horizontal lines (left to right).</li> <li>Producing pre letter shapes – anti-clockwise circle.</li> <li>To write some or all of their name.</li> </ul>

To distinguish between the differences in vocal sounds, including oral blending and

Continue to develop and embed phonological awareness, whilst continuing to

revisit discriminating sounds, awareness of instrumental sounds, awareness of

sounds and rhythms, to develop an understanding of alliteration and to orally blend

To develop oral blending and segmenting of sounds in words

Blending VCC, CVCC and CCVC words using known GPCs.

Read books that contain words using known GPCs

groups that represent one sound.

Read a range of common exception words.

correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.

Reading CCVCC, CCCVC words, including words with letter groups.

Becoming more fluent when reading and reading books independently.

Read a few common exception words matched to school scheme. Read some letter

Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. A secure understanding of the five key concepts about print.

Engage in non-fiction books.

Ask questions about books.

about a familiar text.

questions.

Anticipate key events in stories.

and be able to tell a long story.

Understand 'why' questions.

about print.

longer story.

Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books,

Developing an understanding of the five key concepts

Be able to talk about familiar books and be able to tell a

and segment cvc words. Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.

Begin to recognise their name

segmenting

To develop understanding of alliteration

Oral blending. Make comments and share their own ideas. Blending CVC words using known GPCs. Develop play around favourite books using props. Read books that contain words using known GPCs. Children can answer 'what', 'who' and 'where' questions

Write some or all of their name Learn correct letter formation. Segmenting and writing CVC words using known GPCs. Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with Read simple phrases made up of words with known GPCs

Reception (Autumn)

Reception

(Summer)

Nursery

(Spring)

Nursery

(Summer)

Use vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their range of books. stories.

Understanding the difference between a letter and a word. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound

letter/s.

Begin to use finger spaces. Write a simple caption. Form numerals 1-4 accurately. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. · Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences.

Writing

Producing pre letter shapes - diagonal lines (top to bottom) and x.

To give meaning to their marks To add some details to drawings.

Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing.

Be secure with producing pre letter writing shapes

Write some or all of their name.

Begin to write some CVC words.

Write some letters accurately.

Reception Make predictions about what is going to happen next in (Spring) Have discussions about why things are happening in stories and encourage children to provide explanations. Answer a range of questions about stories, including why

Use vocabulary they've heard in stories throughout their

Begin to use full stops. Developing accuracy with letter formation, including letter size.. Form numbers 0-9 accurately. Write sentences using phonetic knowledge. Read back writing and improve what has been written. Forming most letters accurately. • Write multiple sentences with connecting ideas.

Consistantly use capital letters, finger spaces and full stone when

### Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Physical Development

**Gross Motor** 

Regin moving freely with confidence in familiar spaces

Develop core strength to support posture during physical activity.

Demonstrate increasingly precise control over large movements.

Participate in group games requiring movement and rules (e.g. chasing, stopping on command).

Develop strength, coordination, and agility through climbing, swinging, and jumping.

Put on coat independently, may still need help starting a zip.

Begin managing own clothing for toileting.

Have good balance, coordination, and posture.

Negotiate space and obstacles safely

Explore different ways of travelling and balancing.

Nursery (Autumn)	<ul> <li>Begin using whole-hand grasp (palmar grasp) on tools like crayons or paintbrushes</li> <li>Show preference in a dominant hand.</li> <li>Enjoy making marks on paper, often random or circular scribbles</li> <li>Start to imitate simple straight lines (vertical and horizontal).</li> <li>Begin using fingers to manipulate objects (threading large beads, stacking blocks). Explore sensory materials (playdough, sand) to strengthen hand muscles</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin moving freely with confidence in familiar spaces.</li> <li>Explore different ways of moving (running, jumping, hopping).</li> <li>Start to negotiate space, adjusting speed to avoid obstacles.</li> <li>Show emerging strength when climbing or pushing/pulling toys.</li> <li>Begin experimenting with balance (walking along a low beam, standing on one foot briefly).</li> <li>Start taking shoes off with help.</li> </ul>
Nursery (Spring)	<ul> <li>Move from palmar grasp to more controlled mark making with a digital or four-finger grasp.</li> <li>Imitate simple pre-writing shapes: vertical, lines, horizontal lines, circles</li> <li>Begin snipping with scissors, though control is limited.</li> <li>Show increased control in tasks like building small block towers.</li> <li>Start managing small fastenings (Velcro, simple poppers)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Move with increased control and coordination.</li> <li>Attempt more complex movements like hopping on one foot or galloping.</li> <li>Show better spatial awareness when moving among others.</li> <li>Begin using large equipment with more confidence (trikes, climbing frames).</li> <li>Start to develop core strength and stability during movement and play.</li> <li>Try to put on coats independently (though may need help with fastenings).</li> <li>Begin pulling up own sleeves or trousers more consistently.</li> </ul>
Nursery (Summer)	<ul> <li>Use a thumb and two-finger grip (emerging tripod grasp) on writing tools.</li> <li>Imitate and sometimes copy:cross shapes (+)diagonal lines</li> <li>Start drawing simple shapes intentionally (e.g. circles as faces).</li> <li>Cut along short, straight lines with some control.</li> <li>Show more precision in manipulating small objects (buttons, pegs).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Display more refined control over large movements.</li> <li>Enjoy physical challenges and show persistence.</li> <li>Balance more confidently for longer periods.</li> <li>Begin linking sequences of movements (e.g. run, jump, land safely).</li> <li>Start showing awareness of safety during physical play.</li> <li>Begin practising simple fastenings (Velcro, zips with help).</li> </ul>
Reception	<ul> <li>Hold pencil in a more refined tripod grasp, though grip may be tight or movement stiff.</li> <li>Begin forming more complex pre-writing shapes: squares, triangles</li> <li>Copy crosses and diagonal lines with growing accuracy.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Move energetically and confidently across spaces.</li> <li>Show improved balance and coordination during running, jumping, and climbing.</li> <li>Begin to refine gross motor skills for purpose (e.g. moving safely with objects, kicking a ball accurately).</li> </ul>

# (Autumn) Begin tracing over letters and shapes. Manipulate small objects with improved dexterity (threading, pegging, puzzles) Begin attempting anticlockwise movements (e.g. circles) in controlled mark making Use tripod grip with more relaxed and controlled movements. Start forming some recognisable letters, though often large or irregular in size Practise anticlockwise letter formations (c, o, a, d, g, q) with adult support. Control scissors to cut around curved lines. Show precision in handling small tools and materials (e.g. tweezers, pipettes).

**Fine Motor** 

Regin using whole-hand grash (nalmar grash) on tools like grayons or painthrushes

Confidently draw and write using anticlockwise movements where appropriate.

Form many letters correctly narticularly those with anticlockwise movements (c. o. a. d. g)

Start putting on jumpers, cardigans, and simple items unaided. Practice with shoes, beginning to distinguish left/right. Form letters more consistently and on lines, though size and spacing may vary. Show confidence and skill in a range of movements including rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, Confidently produce anticlockwise letters and circular shapes. skipping, and climbing. Writie simple words, focusing on correct movement patterns. Control movements safely in different physical challenges. Reception Show awareness of how physical activity impacts their body (e.g. noticing heartbeat, breathing faster). Manipulate fastenings (buttons, zips) with increased independence. (Summer) Use tools for specific purposes (e.g. glue spreader, tweezers) with good control. Refine gross motor skills to support fine motor development (e.g. good posture and balance when seated for writing tasks). Remove jumper or sweatshirt independently. Use a comfortable and effective tripod grip for writing tools. Move confidently, safely, and energetically in varied ways.

Progression (	of Knowledge and Skills – Personal Social Emotional Development	

Explain why simple rules are important.

Show confidence in new but familiar situations.

Speak confidently in small groups or to familiar peers.

Manage dressing/undressing with some reminders.

Follow daily routines with fewer reminders.

Actively show confidence in group situations.

Meet self-care needs independently.

Similarities and differences Understanding bullying and knowing how to deal with it Making new friends Celebrating the differences in everyone

Approach new situations with confidence.

Show confidence with less familiar people and situations.

Begin to manage resources and own belongings independently.

Develop understanding of good health (exercise, sleep, hygiene).

Manage own needs without reminders (hygiene, belongings, routines).

Setting goals Identifying successes and achievements Learning styles Working well and celebrating achievement with a partner Tackling new challenges Identifying and overcoming obstacles Feelings of success

Show growing independence in dressing and personal care.

Take pride in achievements and begin to set simple goals.

Show resilience and persistence when tasks are difficult.

Self Regulation

Recognise when others are upset and begin to respond

Manage waiting with adult support (e.g. turn taking).

Use a wider vocabulary to describe feelings (frustrated,

Remember and follow rules independently most of the time.

Control their emotions with support in more challenging

Use a growing range of words to describe emotions

Show increasing independence in managing social and

Reflect on feelings within stories and own experiences.

Work with others to solve conflicts with adult support.

Show self-control in different contexts (play, group work).

Regulate feelings and explain them using a wide vocabulary.

Bodies Respecting my body Growing up Growth and change Fun and fears Celebrations

Manage impulses and behaviour independently in most

Set and work towards short goals with perseverance.

Show resilience when challenges arise.

Identify and moderate their own feelings with some support.

Begin to bounce back quickly after being upset.

Follow routines and multiple-step instructions.

Follow familiar rules with fewer reminders.

Begin to manage impulses with adult support.

it, I don't like it").

appropriately.

frightened).

situations.

situations.

Year 1:

Being Me in the World

**Celebrating Difference:** 

**Dreams and Goals:** 

(confused, excited).

emotional responses.

Nursery

(Spring)

Nursery

(Summer)

Reception

(Autumn)

Reception

(Spring)

Reception

(Summer)

			<b>0</b> 3 3 3 3 4 <b>1</b> 3
Nursery (Autumn)	Begin to select and use activities with adult support. Follow simple rules with reminders, starting to understand why they are important. Begin to name simple feelings (happy, sad, angry, worried). Recognise that their actions affect others.	Show early confidence in social situations.  Communicate basic needs to adults (e.g. toilet, hunger).  Follow simple hygiene routines with support.	Begin to play alongside peers and join in group play.  Seek comfort from familiar adults and need reassurance when separating from parents.  Begin to develop a sense of community in play.
	Develop strategies for managing emotions (e.g. saying "Stop	Show growing independence in meeting basic self-care needs.	Play cooperatively, beginning to extend others' play ideas.

Manage self-care more independently (toileting, handwashing, brushing teeth).

Begin to make healthy choices about food and drink with adult support.

Managing Self

**Building Relationships** 

Seek help from adults to solve conflicts.

Show increasing independence when separating from carers.

Start to form friendships with a wider range of peers.

Play with a range of children and sustain play for longer.

Build confidence to speak with familiar adults and peers.

Play with a range of children and sustain play for longer.

Build confidence to speak with familiar adults and peers.

Show empathy and understanding towards peers.

Manage conflicts with support, using strategies taught.

Resolve conflicts independently, showing compromise.

Work collaboratively and support others in group tasks.

Form positive attachments with adults and peers.

Show confidence in building new friendships.

Extend and elaborate play ideas with a range of children.

Build constructive and respectful relationships.

Manage some conflicts with less adult input.

Manage some conflicts with less adult input.

Begin to show responsibility in group play.

Begin to show responsibility in group play.

### Progression of Knowledge and Skills - Maths

Number

Subitise small groups of objects.

Subitise to 3 consistently.

gone'.

Nursery

(Summer)

Reception

(Autumn)

Reception

(Spring)

Reception

(Summer)

Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.

Count reliably to 5, showing cardinality (last number = total).

Represent quantities with marks, fingers, or objects.

Use their own mark making to represent 5

Identify representations of 6, 7 and 8.

Identify representations of 9 and 10

counting on small numbers (1,2 or 3)

Begin to recall doubling facts.

Make comparisons between groups of 0-5 objects.

Make comparisons between groups of 0-10 objects.

Build and identify numbers to 20 and beyond

Solve real mathematical problems in their play.

Begin to understand composition of numbers to 5 (2 and 2 makes 4).

Count reliably to 5, showing understanding of 1:1 correspondence.

Represent numbers 1–5 in different ways (fingers, objects, marks).

Explore simple addition and subtraction using numbers to 5.

Subitise to 3 confidently, beginning to recognise 4 and 5 without counting.

Know that the word 'zero' and the numeral 0 represent 'nothing there' or 'all

Understand that a pair is 2 and notice when some quantities have an odd one

Recount all the objects to see how many there are altogether. -Add more by

Find the quantity in a group when items have been taken away -Represent

number stories using 10's frames, number tracks and their fingers.

Use visual models to identify how many more to make numbers 0-10.

			5 map 0, 0 p m 0 m m m 0 m 0
Nursery (Autumn)	Begin to recite numbers to 5 in play and routines.  Show awareness of 'how many' through songs, rhymes, and finger numbers.  Begin to subitise up to 2 in everyday contexts.  Match small groups of objects with support.	Begin to sort objects by one attribute (e.g. colour, shape). Begin to notice simple AB patterns in the environment (e.g.  Begin to notice simple AB patterns in the environment (e.g.  Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for	
Nursery (Spring)	Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5.  Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total.  Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.  Showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.	Copy and continue simple AB patterns.  Begin to compare groups using language such as 'more' and 'fewer'.	Describe a familiar route.  Use positional language more accurately ('in front', 'behind').  Compare objects by size and length.  Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'.

Extend, create and correct errors in ABAB patterns

Explore and create AB and ABB patterns.

Begin to explore the composition of 9 and 10.

Explore number bonds to 10 using real objects

(including AB, ABB and ABBC).

numbers in order

have 1 left over.

'same'.

Talk about and identifies the patterns around them.

Begin to notice doubles in play (two hands, two eyes).

Compare groups up to 5, saying which has 'more', 'fewer', or

Compare numbers within 5, saying which is greater or smaller.

Explore and notice the different compositions of 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8

Copy and continue repeating patterns with varying rules

Recognise that numbers 1-9 repeat after every full 10

Say what comes before or after numbers -Place sequences of

Recognise that some groups can be split into pairs and some

Continue and create repeating patterns with varying rules.

**Numerical Pattern** 

Shape, Space and Measure

Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.

Compare length, mass and capacity using appropriate mathematical vocabulary

Use positional language to describe where shapes are in relation to one another -

Explore how shapes can be combined and separated to make new shapes

Make direct comparisons of height and length using correct mathematical

Use the vocabulary yesterday, today and tomorrow. Select, rotate and

manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills.

Replicate simple constructions, models and places in stories.

Visualise simple models from verbal instructions

Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as

Begin to represent real places in their maps, models and drawings Recognise shapes in everyday objects and the environment. Describe some properties of rectangles and squares

Combine shapes to make a new one.

Find and match objects that are the same.

Sort objects according to colour, size or shape.

Use mathematical language to describe size.

Hear and begin to use positional language

'first', 'then...'.

vocabulary.

### Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Understanding the World Past and Present The Natural World People, Culture and Co

Talk about how we care for plants/animals.

Begin making predictions about outcomes.

(bigger/smaller, heavier/lighter).

something has changed.

vocabulary

confidently.

Plant seeds with support; begin to understand growth needs (water, light).

Describe features of the environment in more detail. Use comparative language

Use vocabulary to describe changes (melt, freeze, grow). Begin to explain why

Start explaining why things happen (e.g. wheels turn, water flows down)

Notice how simple tools/objects can be used for different purposes.

Begin grouping objects by properties (hard/soft, shiny/dull).

Begin to explain what plants/animals need to survive.

Begin to explain what plants/animals need to survive.

Observe changes over time (growth of a plant, tadpoles).

Explain life cycles (frog, butterfly) with correct sequence.

Make predictions, test, and explain outcomes using reasoning.

Use knowledge to solve problems (e.g. build stronger tower).

Talk about life cycles and natural processes in sequence. Use scientific

Begin noticing "people before me."

Talk about how they've grown/changed (baby →

Begin to notice changes in living memory.

Discuss our own history and begin to create a

Comment on images of familiar situations

Compare and contrast past and present

Look at how technology has changed.

Compare and contrast characters from stories,

Begin to sequence events in simple chronological

figures/events using photos, stories and role play.

Talk about real historical figures and what they

Explain simple differences between life then and

Learn about real people who lived in the past.

Comment on images of familiar situations

timeline of our lives.

in the past.

order.

achieved.

in the past.

now.

Discuss our family history.

including figures from the past.

Nursery

(Spring)

Nursery

(Summer)

Reception

(Autumn)

Reception

(Spring)

Reception

(Summer)

	Past and Present	The Natural World	People, Culture and Communities	Computing
Nursery (Autumn)	Talk about family members. Notice similarities/differences. Begin noticing "people before me."	Use senses to explore textures, sounds, and materials.  Begin noticing animals/plants around them.  Explore cause/effect with toys/objects.	Recognise immediate environments (classroom, home). Notice celebrations in their own family.	I can use pretend technology in my role I can take turns with digital devices. I can take photos
	Share personal events (birthdays, celebrations).	Begin to notice similarities/differences in materials (smooth/rough, hot/cold).	Recognise community helpers (doctor, shopkeeper).	I can use a touchscreen to make things

(e.g. play a game on an iPad / interacti

I can put pictorial instructions in order

I can follow a sequence of instructions. I can make a toy do something using be

I can talk about different digital device

I can ask an adult for help when I use t I can follow the rules when I use digita

I can talk to an adult if something on a

I can talk about what I am doing on the

I can use technology/digital devices to

I can answer questions about what I an

I can ask questions about digital device

I can make choices on a digital device a

would like to do. (e.g. choose a game t

I can use a digital device to make a pict

I can plan out a route for a friend or ro I can program a robot to perform a tas

I can recognise, online or offline, that anyon

I can recognise some ways in which the inte

I can give examples of how I (might) use ted

I can identify ways that I can put information

I can describe ways that some people can b

communicate with people I know

play, activity to complete.)

I can debug an algorithm.

used to communicate.

or music

learn things about the world.

a range of technology

whiteboard)

switches.

and use.

upsets me.

Recognise that others may celebrate differently.

Talk about local places they visit (park, shop).

Talk about members of their immediate family

Recognise that people have different beliefs

and celebrate special times in different ways.

Talk about members of their immediate family

Recognise that people have different beliefs

and celebrate special times in different ways.

Talk about and visit members of their community.

Recognise some similarities and differences between life

Recognise some environments that are different

in this country and life in other countries.

Recognise that people have different beliefs

and celebrate special times in different ways.

Draw information from a simple map.

from the one in which they live.

Name and describe people who are familiar to them.

Understand that some places are special to members of

and community.

their community.

and community.

Begin to talk about special times with their family.

### Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Expressive Arts and Design

**Expressive Arts and Design** 

**Creating With Materials** 

Nursery (Autumn)	Explore freely with different materials and tools. Create closed shapes and begin to use them to represent objects. Begin to add simple details (e.g. a face with eyes and a mouth). Explore colour through play (noticing bright/dull, same/different). Select colours from a limited choice with support.	Take part in pretend play, joining in simple role play.  Begin to develop stories in play with small world equipment.  Build simple "worlds" with blocks.  Join in singing familiar songs and rhymes.  Sing short musical phrases, sometimes matching pitch.
Nursery (Spring)	Explore colour mixing with support (e.g. mixing two colours).  Select from a wider range of colours and tools when drawing.  Show simple emotions in drawings (happy, sad).  Begin combining different media in one piece (paint and collage).  Make simple imaginative marks (e.g. zigzags for noise).	Invent own songs or improvise around familiar tunes.  Begin imaginative play with props, adding story elements.  Use blocks and small worlds to create more complex play scenarios.  Copy simple melodic shapes (going up/down).  Sing with growing control of pitch.
Nursery (Summer)	Draw with increasing complexity (adding details such as fingers, clothes).  Use closed shapes more deliberately to represent objects.  Show awareness of artists by looking at their work and talking about it.  Develop own ideas and choose materials to express them.  Continue exploring colour mixing more independently.	Respond to music and sounds by expressing feelings.  Play simple instruments with increasing control.  Sing a wider range of familiar songs with shape and pitch.  Listen attentively to sounds, commenting on what they hear.  Begin to move/dance to music in response.
Reception (Autumn)	Add finer details in drawings (faces with features, patterns). Explore artistic effects (layering, blending colours). Use drawing to represent movement/noise with intention. Join and combine materials with growing skill (glue, tape, clay). Return to and refine previous learning, improving on ideas.	Develop storylines in role play and small worlds. Remember and perform entire songs. Create imaginative settings with construction kits (e.g. building a town). Explore different ways to express feelings through music and art. Begin to adapt and retell known stories in play.
Reception (Spring)	Explore and compare textures in natural and man-made materials.  Use a wider range of tools (pastels, watercolours).  Mix primary colours with more control to make secondary colours.  Use black/white to lighten/darken shades.  Plan and create simple props, models or masks for role play.  Select the right tools and brushes for purpose.	Improvise songs to express ideas and feelings. Respond to music through dance and performance, sharing ideas. Experiment with instruments for rhythm and tempo. Listen attentively and talk about changes in music. Perform in a group, showing confidence.

### Draw and paint from observation (e.g. plants, nature). Reception (Summer) Share and explain choices about their artwork. Refine their work for an intended effect or audience.

Year 1 ready

Select the right tools and brushes for purpose.

Study a range of artists' work and talk about what they notice. Develop complex role play with storylines and characters. Retell and adapt a range of familiar stories in play. Use learned techniques to represent detail more accurately. Perform confidently for an audience (storytelling, music, dance). Sing in a group or alone, matching pitch and following melody. Express feelings and ideas through performance with increasing confidence.